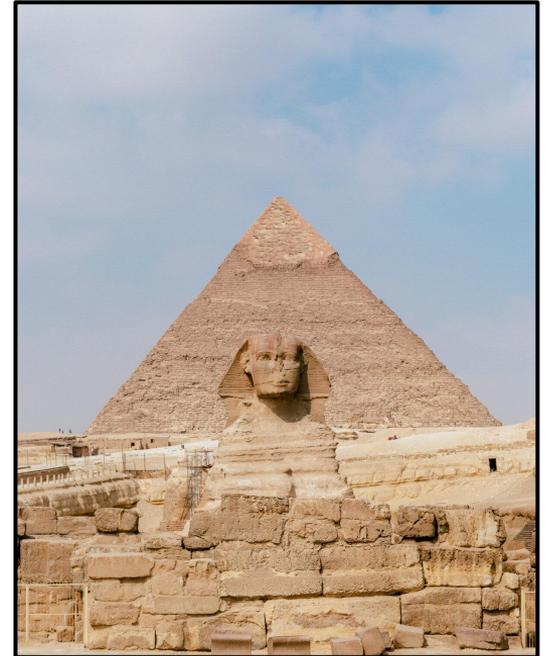
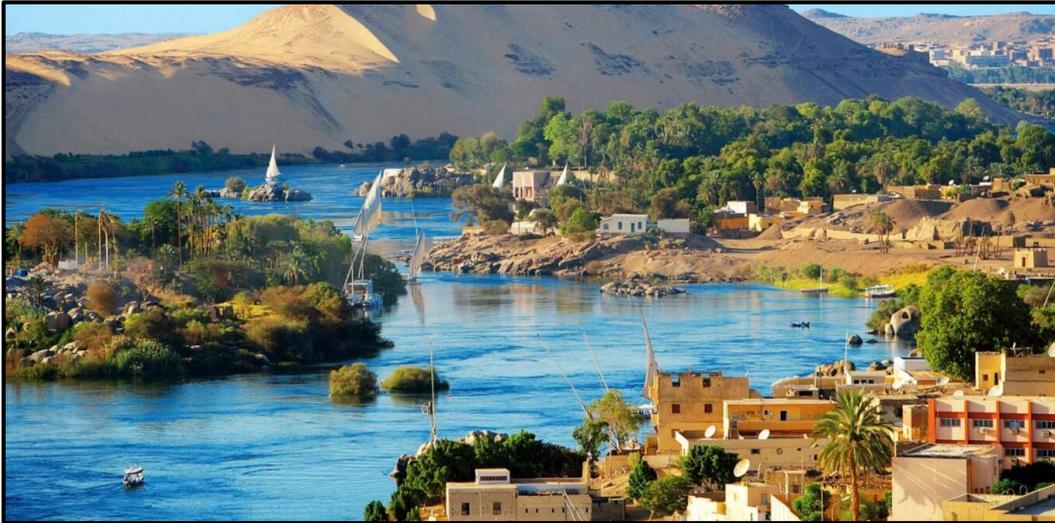


By Matthew, Joe, Antony

Ancient Egypt Geography and Nile



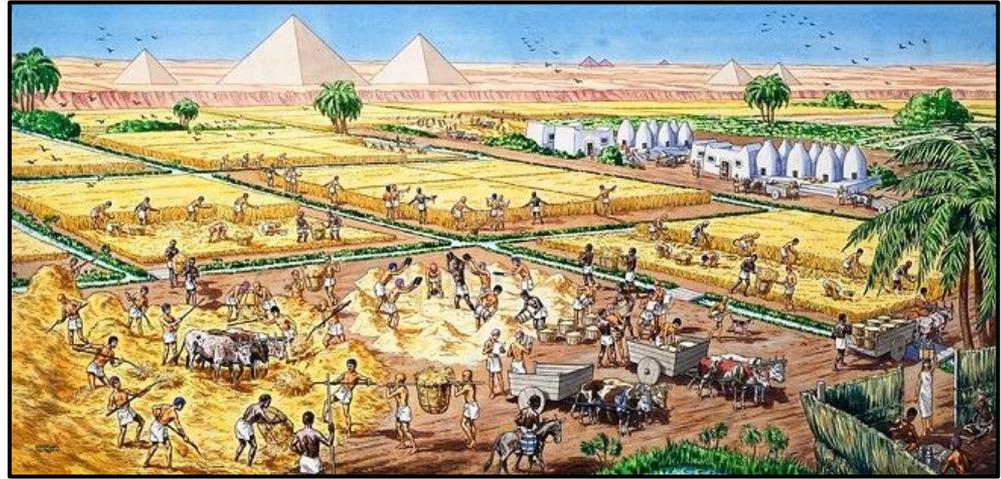
The Nile



The Impact of the Nile

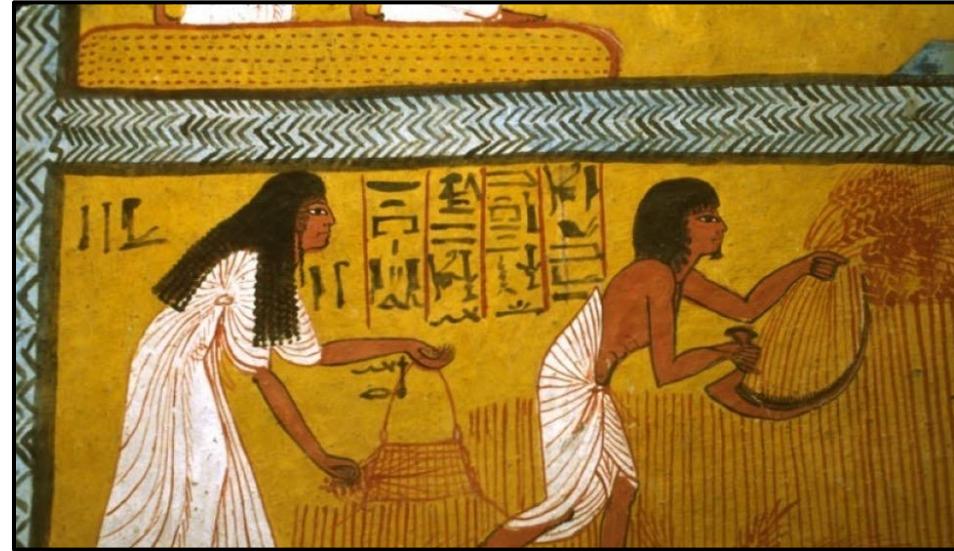
The Nile River impacted the Egyptian people in a lot of good and bad ways. The Nile was one of the main reasons people settled in Egypt, because the Nile provided food, water, and irrigation for crops. Also one of the most important thing was that it provided a good trade route for the Egyptians and it helped Egypt's economy thrive. Finally the Nile also had a bad impact on the people because even though Nile would help the crops, sometimes it would ruin the crops and if it for that bad some people would drown from the Nile's flooding.

Do You Think The Nile Should Be Used For All Of This Stuff Or Should It Be Limited?



Agriculture Around The Nile

You might think that the people only settled on the Nile for water to drink and bathing, but actually one of the main reasons is that the Nile helped a lot of farmers grow successful crops to make a lot of money. Even though it rained only a little bit in Egypt, farmers still found a way to use the Nile to help water the crops. One of the efficient ways the crops got watered was by using the Nile's flooding. Every year before the flood, Egyptian farmers harvested their crops and then waited for the flood to finish. When the flood finished, the farmers would plow their land to spread the seeds around the rich, moist soil. After agriculture started to advance, the Nile became more useful, and that is why the Ancient Egyptian economy used to thrive during its time.



Travel and Trade along the Nile

The Nile was a big part of how people distributed their goods through trade. The Nile helped people trade because it provided a good trade route that led to many civilizations like Lebanon, Canaan, and Nubia. It also helped the people travel because it gave a good current for the wooden and reed boats used to travel along. The Egyptians traded stuff like copper, steel, gold, and other goods such as food and water that the Nile produced. The people also used to travel along the currents to get to other places to sometimes take over more territory and take over more civilizations.

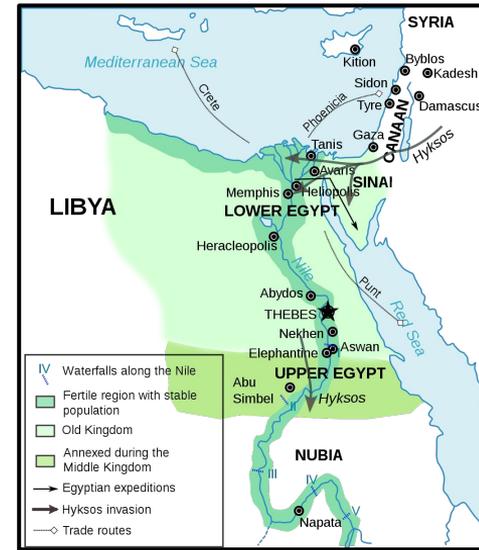


Geography



About Ancient Egypt's Location

Ancient Egypt was located in Northeastern Africa, and because of its location, it had several advantages to other kingdoms during its time. Ancient Egyptians had easy access to water because the Nile River, Mediterranean Sea, and Red Sea. They also had a lot of rich soil. This is because when the Nile River flooded, farmers will always wait after the flood to grow more crops because the soil near the Nile will be so rich. It is also one more advantage which I will talk more about in depth later. Another thing, they also had larger territory. With more territory equals more room to produce crops and overall more living space. To give you an example of how much more territory they had then, I have 1 picture to show the Old Kingdom and Middle Kingdom territory. Also, I have a picture of Egypt below that showing it now. What can you tell is different now?



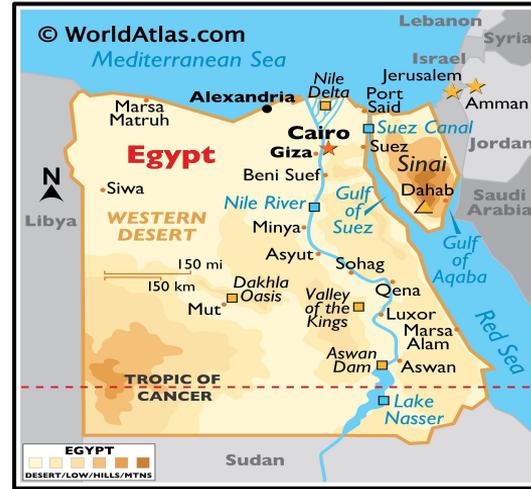
The Nile Delta

The Nile Delta was a delta formed in lower Egypt where the Nile spreads out and it empties into the Mediterranean sea. The delta covered around 240km of the Mediterranean coastline. The Delta spread approximately 160 km from Alexandria in the west to Port Said in the east. Also it was a rich agricultural region where farmers could grow good crops. The delta was a place where the people/farmers lived for thousands of years and it was significant part of the people lives.



How Ancient Egypt Was Protected

Ancient Egypt was known as one of the most protected kingdoms during its span. You might ask "How?", it was protected by several different geographical zones surrounding Egypt. For example, 2 major geographical zones protecting Egypt was the Western Desert and Eastern Desert. Armies did not want to walk through this hot and dangerous deserts. These fierce deserts were known for the Egyptian cobra, which was a dangerous and fearless snake. Nobody wanted to come across it. Also, they were very hot deserts, 104 degrees type hot. U might get it now why armies struggled to attack Egypt. Right here is a map of some Egypt. This map will give u an idea of how much desert covers Ancient Egyptian land. Also below is a photo of the Egyptian Cobra.



Pyramids Of Giza

We all know of the Great Pyramids of Giza, but we probably haven't learned much of the biggest accomplishment on Egyptian land.

It's 3 main pyramids we know of here. The Great Pyramid of Giza (also The Pyramid of Khufu), The Pyramid of Khafre, and The Pyramid of Menkaure. These are the 3 Egyptian pharaohs buried below each pyramid.

This connects to Geographical features of Egypt because the pyramids are a big role of Egypt, and wouldn't be able to be built if the Geographical features of Egypt were different. The material used was usually found in deserts and Egypt was already in Desert so they didn't have a hard time finding that material.

So the biggest part about the Egyptian Pyramids are about how they were built? It is actually unknown about how the pyramids were built. But I can tell you what they are built out of. They are built out of limestone, a pretty popular rock found in the Deserts of Egypt. Now, I just have told u everything known about the pyramids, now let's dive into some conspiracy theories about how they were built. Some people believed these were built by aliens to mark they were here. Others believed they found big rocks of limestone which they formed in to pyramids. This one can for sure cannot be right because u can tell It was put together in separate pieces. I just believe it was just years of hard work to create to the pyramids and nothing too serious.



Ancient Egypt's Surrounding Seas

There were 2 seas surrounding Egypt. One was the Red Sea the other was the Mediterranean Sea. The Mediterranean Sea and Red Sea both were used for 2 important things: Travel and Trade. These seas helped Egypt to trade and travel with countries who will need to be reached by boat. The Mediterranean Sea was there to trade and travel with like countries with Greece, Turkey and Italy, While The Red Sea helped trade with countries like Lebanon, Canaan, and Nubia.



Conclusion

Thank you for listening and being respectful during our presentation. I hope you learned a lot about Ancient Egypt Geography and about the Nile. What can you tell us about Egypt? What new facts have you learned about? Let us know. Thank you for tuning in to our presentation and I hope you have a wonderful day!!

